OCEANVIEW HEIGHTS SCHOOL



Navigating learning through the tides of change

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number:

2110

Principal:

Sandi Abel

School Address:

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OCEANVIEW HEIGHTS SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Oceanview Heights School Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management, including the principal and others as directed by the Board, accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Presiding Member	Sandi Abel. Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
17-5-23 Date:	7 17 - 5 - 23 Date:

Oceanview Heights School Members of the Board

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Phillipa Watson	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
Sandi Abel	Principal	ex Officio	
Kerry Burton	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Lisa Hanright	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Pisila Moala-Fakatou	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Lisa Doudle	Parent Representative	Appointed Elected	Sep 2022 Sep 2025
Julie White	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Tessa Cooper	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2025

Oceanview Heights School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021 Restated
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue			1 000 071	1 105 050
Government Grants	2	1,418,380	1,223,271	1,185,950
Government Grants- Resource Teachers Learning & Behaviour (1)	17	1,261,449	- 07.075	1,440,408
Locally Raised Funds	3	43,922	37,375	61,954
Interest Income		12,364	2,000	4,749
	-	2,736,115	1,262,646	2,693,061
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	14,033	9,325	9,153
Learning Resources	4	777,187	742,350	751,024
Administration	5	172,381	223,640	109,286
Resource Teachers Learning & Behaviour (2)	17	1,267,432	-	1,446,942
Finance		1,831	-	1,999
Property	6	396,018	280,331	357,280
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		2,458	-	341
	,	2,631,340	1,255,646	2,676,025
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		104,775	7,000	17,036
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	~
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year (2)		104,775	7,000	17,036

⁽¹⁾ Resource Teachers Learning & Behaviour income & expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been restated. For details relating to the restatement please refer to note 26.

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



⁽²⁾ The Net Surplus and Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the year ended 31 December 2021 has been restated. For details relating to the restatement please refer to note 26.

Oceanview Heights School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Restated Actual \$
Equity at 1 January (1)	-	970,125	970,125	947,331
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year (2)		104,775	7,000	17,036
Contributions from the Ministry of Education Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	5,758
Equity at 31 December (3)		1,074,900	977,125	970,125
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,074,900	977,125	970,125
Equity at 31 December		1,074,900	977,125	970,125

- (1) Equity for the year ended 31 December 2020 has been restated. For details relating to the restatement please refer to note 26.
- (2) Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year ended 31 December 2021 has been restated. For details relating to the restatement please refer to note 26.
- (3) Equity for the year ended 31 December 2021 has been restated. For details relating to the restatement please refer to note 26.

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Oceanview Heights School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Restated Actual \$
Current Assets		Ψ		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	455,989	530,681	472,623
Accounts Receivable	8	233,247	160,405	160,405
GST Receivable		13,773	10,178	10,178
Prepayments		2,750	4,032	4,032
Inventories	9	1,563	1,670	1,670
Investments	10	301,401	401,401	401,401
	-	1,008,723	1,108,367	1,050,309
Current Liabilities				450.000
Accounts Payable	12	169,215	158,238	158,238
Revenue Received in Advance	13	320	210	210
Finance Lease Liability	15	9,846	7,568	7,568
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	2,545	10,348	10,348
Funds for Resource Teachers of Learning & Behaviour Cluster	17	117,281	60,238	84,467
Funds Held on Behalf of the RTLit Cluster	18	-	22,357	22,231
Funds Held on Behalf of the TSM Cluster	19	25,086	23,400	22,492
	•	324,293	282,359	305,554
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		684,430	826,008	744,755
Non-current Assets				
Investments	10	100,000	-	
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	398,548	248,318	312,571
	,	498,548	248,318	312,571
Non-current Liabilities			o= 101	77.104
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	90,501	87,491	77,491
Finance Lease Liability	15	17,577	9,710	9,710
		108,078	97,201	87,201
Net Assets		1,074,900	977,125	970,125
Equity		1,074,900	977,125	970,125

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Oceanview Heights School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants Locally Raised Funds Goods and Services Tax (net) Payments to Employees Payments to Suppliers Interest Received		502,374 44,032 (3,595) (278,500) (180,807) 10,643	466,140 37,375 - (240,123) (208,392) 2,000	399,143 61,302 (1,348) (207,955) (124,996) 4,423
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		94,147	57,000	130,569
Cash flows from Investing Activities Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) Proceeds from Sale of Investments Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(109,990) - (109,990)	24,253 - 24,253	(71,298) 50,000 (21,298)
Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(6,165) 5,374	- - (23,195)	5,758 (6,090) 32,522
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(791)	(23,195)	32,190
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(16,634)	58,058	141,461
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	472,623	472,623	331,162
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	455,989	530,681	472,623

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Oceanview Heights School **Notes to the Financial Statements** For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

1.1. Reporting Entity

Oceanview Heights School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

1.2. Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical Maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 24b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

1.3. Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and recognised as revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

1.4. Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

1.5. Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

1.6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

1.7. Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The school's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

1.8. Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery, canteen and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

1.9. Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

1.10. Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements funded by the Board to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, except for library resources, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are: Building improvements Furniture and equipment Information and communication technology

Leased assets held under a Finance Lease

Library resources

50 years 6-10 years

3-6 years Term of Lease

8 years

1.11. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

1.12. Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

1.13. Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period in which they arise.



1.14. Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

1.15. Funds held for Capital Works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.16. Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the Resource Teachers of Learning & Behaviour programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

1.17. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside the day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a variety of periods in accordance with the conditional assessment of each area of the school. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

1.18. Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investments' fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

1.19. Borrowings

Borrowings, on normal commercial terms, are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.



1.20. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

1.21. Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

1.22. Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	579,291	443,565	415,629
Teachers' Salaries Grants	585,337	588,000	578,615
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	253,752	191,706	191,706
	1,418,380	1,223,271	1,185,950

The School has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$12,750 (2021: \$11,250).

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	6,209	3,200	3,775
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	427	375	362
Trading	4,592	4,500	2,200
Fundraising & Community Grants	2,305	2,300	2,213
Other Revenue	30,389	27,000	53,404
	43,922	37,375	61,954
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	6,564	4,825	6,013
Trading	7,161	4,500	3,140
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	308	-	-
	14,033	9,325	9,153
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	29,889	28,050	52,801

4. Learning Resources

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	21,753	18,000	15,360
Information and Communication Technology	1,887	1,250	1,881
Library Resources	698	3,500	4,679
Employee Benefits - Salaries	710,288	679,600	694,568
Staff Development	4,103	-	4,720
Depreciation	38,458	40,000	29,816
	777,187	742,350	751,024

5. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	4,777	5,500	6,768
Board Fees	3,265	4,000	3,110
Board Expenses	2,562	2,950	1,845
Communication	3,034	2,050	2,598
Consumables	5,134	3,500	4,246
Operating Lease	4,094	8,500	2,791
Other	34,729	103,267	16,047
Employee Benefits - Salaries	103,027	82,023	59,711
Insurance	6,749	7,000	6,469
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	5,010	4,850	5,701
	172,381	223,640	109,286



6. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	2,470	3,000	3,333
Consultancy and Contract Services	9,188	-	-
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	25,010	10,000	77,491
Grounds	4,847	2,200	4,762
Heat, Light and Water	23,970	20,000	28,363
Rates	2,634	3,800	2,899
Repairs and Maintenance	16,284	1,700	3,029
Use of Land and Buildings	253,752	191,706	191,706
Security	3,147	4,000	2,618
Employee Benefits - Salaries	54,716	43,925	43,079
	396,018	280,331	357,280

The Use of Land and Buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Bank Accounts	Actual \$ 455,989	(Unaudited) \$ 530,681	Actual \$ 472,623
Cash and Cash Equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	455,989	530,681	472,623

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$455,989 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$117,281 is held by the School on behalf of the RTLB cluster. See note 17 for details of how the funding received for the cluster has been spent in the year.

Of the \$455,989 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$25,086 is held by the School on behalf of the TSM cluster. See note 19 for details of how the funding received for the cluster has been spent in the year.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	53,836	-	-
Interest Receivable	3,591	1,870	1,870
Banking Staffing Underuse	38,570	22,575	22,575
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	137,250	135,960	135,960
	233,247	160,405	160,405
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3,591	1,870	1,870
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	229,656	158,535	158,535
	233,247	160,405	160,405
9. Inventories			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
School Uniforms	1,563	1,670	1,670
	1,563	1,670	1,670



10. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits	Actual \$ 301,401	(Unaudited) \$ 401,401	Actual \$ 401,401
Non-current Asset Long-term Bank Deposits	100,000	-	-
Total Investments	401,401	401,401	401,401

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	185,244	-	-	-	(5,721)	179,523
Furniture and Equipment	63,114	17,211	-	-	(10,469)	69,856
Information and Communication Technology	14,538	23,831	-	-	(7,438)	30,931
Leased Assets	17,004	20,320	-	-	(13,389)	23,935
Library Resources	8,418	5,579	(2,458)	-	(1,442)	10,097
RTLB Assets	24,253	-	-	-	(5,983)	18,270
Work in Progress	-	65,936	-	-	-	65,936
Balance at 31 December 2022	312,571	132,877	(2,458)	_	(44,442)	398,548

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$23,935 (2021: \$17,004)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions relating to the above noted finance leases, there are no other restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022 Cost or Valuation \$	2022 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2022 Net Book Value \$	2021 Cost or Valuation \$	2021 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2021 Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	280,034	(100,511)	179,523	280,034	(94,790)	185,244
Furniture and Equipment	120,588	(50,732)	69,856	103,378	(40,264)	63,114
Information and Communication Technology	70,543	(39,612)	30,931	46,712	(32,174)	14,538
Leased Assets	36,395	(12,460)	23,935	35,662	(18,658)	17,004
Library Resources	22,818	(12,721)	10,097	24,349	(15,931)	8,418
RTLB Assets	52,619	(34,349)	18,270	52,619	(28,366)	24,253
Work in Progress	65,936	•	65,936	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December	648,933	(250,385)	398,548	542,754	(230,183)	312,571

12. Accounts Payable

2022	2022 Budget	2021
Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
\$	\$	\$
15,861	4,061	4,061
4,777	12,405	12,405
139,232	137,464	137,464
9,345	4,308	4,308
169,215	158,238	158,238
169,215	158,238	158,238
169,215	158,238	158,238
	Actual \$ 15,861 4,777 139,232 9,345 169,215	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 15,861

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.



13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Other Revenue in Advance	320	210	210
	320	210	210
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	77,491	77,491	Ψ -
Increase to the Provision During the Year	15,361	10,000	77,491
Other Adjustments	9,649	-	-
Use of the Provision During the Year	(12,000)	-	-
Provision at the End of the Year	90,501	87,491	77,491
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	90,501	87,491	77,491
•	90,501	87,491	77,491

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting & other significant cyclical maintenance work to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the School's most recent 10 Year Property plan, adjusted as identified and confirmed appropriate by the Board, to other reliable sources of evidence.

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	11,811	8,698	8,698
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	18,976	10,860	10,860
Future Finance Charges	(3,364)	(2,280)	(2,280)
	27,423	17,278	17,278
Represented by:			
Finance lease liability - Current	9,846	7,568	7,568
Finance lease liability - Non current	17,577	9,710	9,710
	27,423	17,278	17,278

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

SIP Signage & Landscaping	2022	Opening Balances \$ 10,348	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$ (7,803)	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$ 2,545
Totals		10,348	-	(7,803)	-	2,545
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education						2,545
	2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Heating Replacement		Ψ -	42,498	(42,498)	· -	Ψ -
SIP Signage & Landscaping		-	55,812	(45,464)	-	10,348
Painting, Flooring, Locks, Squabs		-	72,818	(72,818)	-	-
Totals		-	171,128	(160,780)	-	10,348

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education

Marked for Identification Purposes To Christen

10,348

17. Funds for Resource Teachers of Learning and Behaviour Services (RTLB)

Oceanview Heights School is the lead school funded by the Ministry of Education to provide the services of Resource Teachers of Learning and Behaviour to its cluster of schools.

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Restated Actual \$
Revenue Teachers' Salary Grant Administration Grant Learning Support Funding Travel Grant Other Revenue Income received not spent	1,065,010 42,219 84,816 92,104 46,688 (32,814)	40,899 83,153 92,104 - (10,277)	1,228,971 40,899 83,153 92,114 10,813 (15,542)
Expenses Employee Benefit - Salaries Administration Learning Support Travel Depreciation RTLB Other Expenses	1,298,023 1,065,010 75,530 67,521 39,630 5,983 13,757	205,879 - 64,569 88,215 50,398 - 12,950	1,440,408 1,228,971 57,010 87,537 52,922 6,534 13,968
Opening Funds Held in Advance Annual income Annual Expenses Purchase of Assets Depreciation - non cash adjustment Income received not spent	1,267,431 84,467 1,261,448 (1,267,431) - 5,983 32,814	216,132 70,491 205,879 (216,132) - -	1,446,942 70,491 1,440,408 (1,446,942) (1,566) 6,534 15,542
Funds Held at Year End	117,281	60,238	84,467

18. Funds Held on Behalf of the RTLit Cluster

Oceanview Heights School was the lead school and holds funds on behalf of the RTLit cluster, a group of schools funded by the Ministry of Education to improve literacy. Funds have now been transferred to Grantlea Downs.

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year	22,231	22,231	14,857
Funds Received from Ministry of Education	3,957	15,900	15,929
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster	(26,188)	(15,774)	(8,555)
Funds Held at Year End		22,357	22,231

19. Funds Held on Behalf of the TSM Cluster

Oceanview Heights School is the lead school and holds funds on behalf of the TSM cluster.

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year	22,492	22,492	21,668
Funds Received from Cluster Members	8,871	6,000	6,359
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster	(6,277)	(5,092)	(5,535)
Funds Held at Year End	25,086	23,400	22,492



20. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

21. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, RTLB Cluster Manager and RTLB Practice Leader.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	3,265	3,110
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	349,245 3.00	304,057 3.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	352,510	307,167

There are seven members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held seven full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has 1 Finance and 1 Property member that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs. suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits: Salary and Other Payments Benefits and Other Emoluments Termination Benefits	Actual \$000 130 - 140 20 - 30 0 - 0	Actual \$000 150 - 160 10 - 20 0 - 0
Termination Benefits	ů ů	

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 -110	1.00	1.00
-	1.00	1.00

2022

2021

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

22. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$ -	\$
Number of Paople	-	



23. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets except as noted below as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

Additional funding wash up payment

The Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The School has not been notified of the final wash up calculation relating to 31 December 2022. The final calculations impact on the financial statements is unable to be determined at the date of reporting.

24. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contract agreements for capital works.

(a) \$59,466 contract for Signage and Landscaping to be completed in 2023, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education through SIP funding. \$55,812 has been received of which \$53,267 has been spent on the project to date.

(Capital commitments in relation to Ministry projects at 31 December 2021: \$10,348)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contracts.

(a) operating lease of a iphone;

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
No later than One Year Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	443 702	-
	1,145	

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$443 (2021: \$nil).

25. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	455,989 233,247	530,681 160,405	472,623 160,405
Investments - Term Deposits	401,401	401,401	401,401
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,090,637	1,092,487	1,034,429
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables Finance Leases	169,215 27,423	158,238 17,278	158,238 17,278
Total Financial liabilities measured at amortised Cost	196,638	175,516	175,516



26. Prior Period Restatement

All material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively in the first set of financial statements authorised for issue after their discovery, by restating the comparative prior period amounts or, if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity.

A restatement has been made to the 31 December 2021 financial information and 2020 opening balances in relation to the Resource Teacher of Learning Behaviour Cluster (RTLB). Cluster Income & expenditure in relation to the RTLB was excluded from the school's Statement of Comprehensive Revenue & Expense, and assets were previously recorded as a cluster expense, rather than being included as school assets. The adjustments are set out below:

	Original Balance \$	Adjustment \$	Restated Balance \$
Impact on Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2021			
Equity at 1 January	916,544	30,787	947,331
Property Plant & Equipment - RTLB	288,318	24,253	312,571
Equity at 31 December	945,872	24,253	970,125
Impact on Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses for the year ended 31 Dec	cember 2021		
Government Grants- Resource Teachers Learning & Behaviour	-	1,440,408	1,440,408
Resource Teachers Learning & Behaviour	-	(1,446,942)	(1,446,942)
Net Surplus and Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	23,570	(6,534)	17,036

27. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

28. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.





Analysis of Variance Reporting



School Name:	Oceanview Heights School	School Number:	2110
Strategic Aim:	G.1 Student Learning and Engagement:		
	All children / tamariki will be engaged in inclus their diverse learning needs through our balan	ive, positive, releva ced School Curriculı	All children / tamariki will be engaged in inclusive, positive, relevant and meaningful learning experiences that meet their diverse learning needs through our balanced School Curriculum that gives priority to Literacy and Mathematics.
Annual Goal:	Refine and deliver high quality teaching and learning programmes with emphasis on Literacy.	arning programmes	with emphasis on Literacy.
Target:	To prioritise our underachievers in Writing to ensure they make accelerated progress.	insure they make ac	celerated progress.
Baseline Data:	2021 end-year results showed:		
	 72% (13/18) of the children has improved by 1 year. 22% (4/18) of the children has stayed the same. 	Iren has imp en has staye	roved by 1 year.
	 Boys have improved by 69% (9/13) since end - year 2020 	since end - year	r 2020
	 Girls have improved by 80% (4/5) since end - year 2020 Maori children have improved by 0% (0/2) since end - year 2020 	since end - year 30% (0/2) since er	<mark>2020</mark> nd - year 2020
	• Pacific children have improved by 100% (4/4) since end - year 2020	100% (4/4) since	end - year 2020

eachers modelling and using other

riter's models, to set high

se modelled Writing, with

hroughout the school

onsistently assessed and taught

•		What happened?	MAN	Why did it happen?	MIN	MAINELE TO III
	Identify prioritised underachieving	We had a 2022 target to	•	We are aware that some children have	Wew	We will contin
	children / tamariki and track through the	prioritise our underachievers	st	stayed the same but a reminder that	•	Use teachi
	rest of the year using the Literacy	in Writing to ensure they make	-5 -	children can stay at the same curriculum	ב	middle an
	Progressions through standardised /	accelerated progress.	e e	level for 2 years and that these children	=	improve cl
	moderated writing assessments e.g.		≥ :	who are still underachieving may be like	.	and surfac
(asTTle Writing.	• 77% (10/13) of the	₽ ₺	this due to being in Class Support / Special Needs children - Attendance	ט מ	oreaking ii Graham's
•	days a week for a minimum of 1 hour a	children has stayed the	r a	reasons and being an At Risk children.	O	Cameron p
	day, so that this ensures prioritised	0 200	Ĭ	However, within the Curriculum Level	•	Have Struc
	children / tamariki are writing regularly.	Salic	ţ	the children are getting the breadth of	73	daily in Ju
•	Cross group / stream which allow	 23% (3/13) of the 	<u>e</u>	learning / genre and topics	В	BSL (Bette
	Teachers to identify needs and teach	children have improved	•	These underachieving children will	<u>α</u>	programm
	accordingly.	by 1 year	8	continue to be our focus at Writing time	•	Have expli
•	Have Teachers prioritise underachieving	100 4 40	₽.	2023	0	occurring 4
	children / tamariki and plan programmes		• Te	Teacher Aides daily supported children	4	40 minute
	to meet their needs – as evidenced in	It can take 2 years to get	‡	through teaching programmes. This has	a	ensures ch
	Teacher's appraisal "Growth Cycle"	through a Curriculum Level,	0	lowered numbers taught in all Rooms	ī	regularly
	documents.	when children are in the	a	and has enabled Teachers to have more	•	Cross grou
•	Use teaching structures in all classrooms	sidt sacov Cast love I care	H	1 - 1 contact / learning time with their	.≌	identify ne
	to improve prioritised children's /	saille Level IOI 2 years, tills	ᡖ	children. This has had a major impact on	w	accordingl
	tamariki writing deep and surface across	is acceptable:	÷	the improvement in Writing levels in the	•	Identify At
	the curriculum – breaking it down – refer		SC	school for the underachievers	ے	Underachi
	to Stephen Graham's Explicit Writing	 Boys have improved by 	<u>م</u>	During 2022 the Board has employed an	נד	through st
	programme.	1 year by 22% (2/9)	ac	additional Teacher Aide for Room 1 on	>	Writing as
•	Have Teachers focus on this target during	since end - year 2021	正,	Fridays to ensure continuity of teaching	>	Writing
	staff meetings.		£	the children of Room 1	•	Have Teac
•	Have regular classroom observations of	 Girls have improved by 	င် •	Cross Groupings across all 3 classrooms	u	children in
	prioritised children / tamariki by the	1 year by 25% (1/4)	e	enabled teachers to have more 1 – 1	•	Hold Mod
	Principal.	PCOC ACON Page comin	8	contact with the individual writer	نه	throughor
•	Have Teacher Aides support prioritised	since end - year zuzz	<u>.</u>	Experiential / high interest Writing was a	_=	levels of cl
	children / tamariki in small groups.	 Boys have stayed the 	٠ و	focus across the school	o	consistent
•	Hold Moderation meetings throughout	same by 78% (7/9) since	• Se	Senior writing focused on a wide range	- ب	throughou
	the year to clarify levels of prioritised	end - vear 2021	5 3	of genire e.g. reports / exposition	• -	Use mode Teachers r
	children / tamariki are being consistently		3 3	re liave a vallety of ulfreferinated	- >	writer's m
	assessed and taught throughout the		3	Writing programmes in each class that	>	או ורבו א

ccurring 4 days a week for at least

ave explicit Writing lessons

0 minutes a day, so that this

nsures children are Writing

ross grouping to allow us to

dentify needs and teach

ccordingly

nrough standardised / moderated nderachieving children and track lentify At Risk of not Achieving /

/riting assessments e.g. asTTle

hildren in small groups in class

lave Teacher Aides support

hroughout the year to clarify

evels of children are being

lold Moderation meetings

nd surface across the curriculum –

reaking it down – e.g. Stephen

iddle and senior classrooms to nprove children's Writing deep

se teaching structures in the

ill continue to, in 2023:

re to next?

raham's Explicit Writing / Sheena

aily in Junior room through the

SL (Better Start Literacy)

rogramme

ave Structured Literacy taught

ameron programmes

- Have Phonics taught daily in Junior room and Grammar skills in the Middle and Senior rooms.
- Use modelled Writing, with Teachers modelling and using other writer's models, so as to set high expectations for the prioritised children's / tamariki's writing.
- Focus on self editing and being able to read what they have written.
- Each prioritised child / tamariki will have their own learning goals in Writing, which are monitored by the child / tamariki and the Teacher.

- Girls have stayed the
- same by 75% (3/4) since
- end year 2021 Maori children have
- Maori children have mproved by 1 year
- 00% (2/2) since end
 - ear 2021
- No Pacific children ar
- underachieving

- identify and meet the specific writing needs of our children
 - Elements of Stephen Graham's explicit scaffolded Writing programme was in evidence in some of the classes
- BSL programme was used as a Structured Literacy programme in the junior room
- All children had specific Writing Goals that have come from Writing assessments
- under

 sssessments

 High expectations with both surface and prograte features of Writing were a focus

- expectations for the children's Writing
 - Focus on self editing and being able to read what they have written
- Have each child have their own learning goals in Writing, that are monitored by the child and the teacher
- Have Teachers target specific underachievers and plan programmes to meet needs



Analysis of Variance Reporting



School Name:	Oceanview Heights School	School Number: 2110	
Strategic Aim:	G.1 Student Learning and Engagement:		
	All children / tamariki will be engaged in inclusive, positive, relevant and meaningful learning experiences that meet their diverse learning needs through our balanced School Curriculum that gives priority to Literacy and Mathematics.	ve, positive, relevant and mean ed School Curriculum that gives	oe engaged in inclusive, positive, relevant and meaningful learning experiences that meet s through our balanced School Curriculum that gives priority to Literacy and Mathematics.
Annual Goal:	Refine and deliver high quality teaching and learning programmes with emphasis on Mathematics.	irning programmes with empha	is on Mathematics.
Target:	To prioritise our underachievers in Mathematics to ensure they make accelerated progress.	s to ensure they make accelerat	ed progress.
Baseline Data:	• 38% (15/39) of the children stayed the same.	the same.	
	• 49% (19/39) of the children have improved by 1 year.	mproved by 1 year.	
	• 13% (5/39) of the children have improved by 2 years.	proved by 2 years.	
	It can take 2 years to get through a Numeracy Stage, when children are in the same Stage for	a Numeracy Stage, when ch	ildren are in the same Stage for
	2 years, this is acceptable.		
場がない。	 Boys have improved by 45% 9/20) since end - year 2020 	since end - year 2020	
	 Girls have improved by 79% (15/19) since end - year 2020 	9) since end - year 2020	
	 Maori children have improved by 43% (3/7) since end - year 2020 	43% (3/7) since end - year 2	020
	• Pacific children have improved by 94% (14/15) since end - year 2020	94% (14/15) since end - yea	Ir 2020

Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
 Identify prioritised underachieving 	We had a 2022 target to prioritise our	We are aware that some	We will continue to, in 2023:
children / tamariki and track	underachievers in Mathematics to ensure	children have not improved	
through the rest of the year using	they make accelerated progress.	and that these children are	 From the Just in Time Maths
	ווכל וומוכר מככנוכו מנכם לו כפו ככנו		CCOC :: +

45% (13/29) of the children stayed the

standardised / in class assessments

e.g. AsTTle Maths / basic facts.

day, so that this ensures prioritised

days a week for at least 1 hour a Have Maths lessons occurring 5

children / tamariki are engaged in

Cross group / stream which allow

Maths regularly.

Teachers to identify needs and

- 38% (11/29) of the children have
- 17% (5/29) of the children have improved by 2 years improved by 1 year
- Numeracy Stage, when children are in the same Stage for 2 years, this is acceptable: It can take 2 years to get through a

and plan programmes to meet their

needs – as evidenced in Teacher's

appraisal "Growth Cycle"

documents.

underachieving children / tamariki

Have Teachers prioritise

teach accordingly.

Boys have improved by 71% (10/14) since end - year 2021

Explicitly teach Mathematics to the

with a text book focus / practice in

the Middle and Senior rooms.

particularly around key strands, both strategies and knowledge,

prioritised children/ tamariki,

Have Teachers focus on this target

- Boys have stayed the same by 29% (4/14) since end - year 2021
- Girls have improved by 40% (6/15) since end - year 2021
- Girls have stayed the same by 60 9/15) since end - year 2021
- years by 67% (2/3) since end year

prioritised children / tamariki either

Have Teacher Aides support

/ tamariki by the Principal.

observations of prioritised children

Have regular classroom during staff meetings.

Maori children have improved by 1-

Maori children have stayed the same by 33% (1/3) since end - year 2021

Professional Development in 2022, MoveNProve / DiscussNdefend / RevisitNretain / RecallNreason / revised Maths strategies in our Canterbury, with Robb Proffitt we are joining a newly formed White and we will implement classroom programmes e.g. Maths Cluster for South Support / ESOL / Special Needs Attendance and being At Risk underachieving due to several underachieving children will continue to be our focused reasons including In Class children at Maths time.

All of these existing

children.

Cross group to allow us to identify major focus on Basic Facts across needs and teach accordingly e.g. the school OpeNups programmes. This has lowered **Teacher Aides daily supported** numbers taught in all Rooms and has enabled Teachers to

children through teaching

Use a range of Maths assessments Explicitly teach Maths, particularly children in small groups, in class to inform learning programmes Have Teacher Aides support

mpact on the improvement in

Maths levels in the school for

children. This has had a major

nave more 1 - 1 contact /

earning time with their

ight of our Local Curriculum focus around Subject Matter Knowledge with Impacted and the Curriculum focus on Do / Know / Understand Review our Maths programme, in Knowledge in Mathematics from the Curriculum Refresh – with a and Pedagogical content Refresh in Mathematics

Fridays to ensure continuity of

Teacher Aide for Room 1 on

During 2022 the Board has

the underachievers

employed an additional

teaching the children of Room

Identify At Risk of Underachieving standardised / moderated Maths assessments e.g. newly designed Maths assessments, Basic Facts children and track through

are starting to see themselves

as mathematicians and are

major impact in that children

2022 in 2 classes has made a

Professional Development in

Just in Time Maths

Stages 3 - 4: addition to 10

x 1, 10, 2 and 5

Consolidate the Basic Facts:

in small groups

- Stages 4 5: addition to 10
- addition to 20 x 1,2,3,4,5,
- Stages 6 7: All
- Mathematics, which are monitored Each prioritised child / tamariki will have their own learning goals in by the child / tamariki and the
- Pacific children have improved by 38%

(3/8) since end - year 2021

- Pacific children have stayed the
- by 62% (5/8) since end year 202
- moderated Maths assessments e.g. Identify Accelerated learners and new Maths assessments, Basic track through standardised / All classes teach Key Ideas and

Facts

Elaborations through Number

Knowledge / Equation and Expressions / Patterns and

Strategies / Number

enjoying maths as a learning

programmes to meet needs – as evidenced in Teacher's Growth Have Teachers target specific underachievers and plan Cycle documents

Cross groupings allowed us to

Relationships

identify needs and teach

accordingly

- Have Staff focus on this target during staff meetings
- Consolidate the Basic Facts: Level 2: addition to 10 x 1, 10, 2 and 5 addition to 20 x 1,2,3,4,5, Level 4: All Level3: addition to 10

teachers find relevant to our children e.g. Time / Money /

Statistics

Choosing Maths topics that



Analysis of Variance Reporting



Strategic Aim: G.1 Student Learning and En All children / tamariki will b their diverse learning needs			
All children / tam their diverse lear	arning and Engagement:		
	ımariki will be engaged in inclusiv arning needs through our balanc	re, positive, releval ed School Curriculu	All children / tamariki will be engaged in inclusive, positive, relevant and meaningful learning experiences that meet their diverse learning needs through our balanced School Curriculum that gives priority to Literacy and Mathematics.
Annual Goal: Refine and deliver high qual	ver high quality teaching and lea	ning programmes	ity teaching and learning programmes with emphasis on Literacy.
Target: To prioritise our u	To prioritise our underachievers in Reading to ensure they make accelerated progress.	nsure they make a	ccelerated progress.
Baseline Data: 2021 end-year results showed:	results showed:		
• 62% (23/	3/37) of the children have m	ade progress an	$\overline{62\%}$ (23/37) of the children have made progress and improved by 4 months to 2 $\%$ years.
Boys have	Boys have improved by 70% (14/20) since end - year 2020) since end - yea	ar 2020
Girls have	Girls have improved by 53% (9/17) since end - year 2020	since end - year	2020
Maori ch	Maori children have improved by 67% (4/6) since end - year 2020	7% (4/6) since e	nd - year 2020
• Pacific of	Pacific children have improved by 54% (7/13) since end - year 2020	4% (7/13) since	end - year 2020

Act	Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
Ide	Identification and Tracking	We had a 2022 target to prioritise	• 19% (7/37) of the	We will continue to, in 2023:
•	Children performing below their expected	our underachievers in Reading to	children have improved	 Identify existing and new to
	identified and tracked by their teachers.	progress.	by ½ year	the school At Risk of not
•	Identified children will receive support and be	• 32% (12/37) of the children	• 14% (5/37) of the	Achieving / Underachieving children and track them using
	tracked tiffought. o Targeted learning support where	have improved by 1 year	the same	the BSL assessments / PM Benchmarks / Running
	appropriate	• 24% (9/37) of the children		Records / PROBE / CLOZE
	o Sharp Reading / BSL / Reading Recovery / FIS - identified children	have improved by 1% years	 Boys have stayed the 	Identify Accelerated learners and track them using the BSLA
	will participate in these targeted	• 11% (4/37) of the children	same by 22% (4/18)	Assessments / PM
	Reading programmes which aims to	have improved by 2 years	since end - year 2021	Benchmarks / Running
	increase a child's abilities in	• = 67% (25/37) made	 Girls have stayed the 	 Records / PROBE / CLOZE Have Teachers target specific
	comprehension, fluency, vocabulary, spelling and attitudes toward	accelerated progress	same by 5% (1/19) since	underachievers and plan
	Reading.	 Boys have improved by 78% 	end - year 2021	 programmes to meet needs The BSLA programme will be
Ac	Actions	(14/18) since end - vear		used as a Structured Literacy
•	Differentiation within the classroom programme, e.g., learning styles and authentic contexts.	2021	 we are aware that some children have stayed at the 	programme in the 2 junior
•	Whole school / kura meetings – sharing of	 Girls have improved by 95% 	same reading level and that	the middle and senior rooms
	best practice. Identifying strategies that are	(18/19) since end - vear	these children are	 Have additional Teacher
	or are not working for individuals. Discuss	2021	several reasons including In	support for At Risk of Not Achieving / Not Achieving
	practice. Record information and monitor	 Maori children have 	Class Support / ESOL /	children by supporting the
	within own teacher's planning and	improved by 100% (3/3)	and being At Risk children	BSLA programme for the
	assessments.	since end - year 2021	 All of these existing 	The Sharp Reading process is
•	Teachers will ensure these children receive	Daniel children have	underachieving children will	being used in the Guided
•	instructional Reading 4x per week. Children will be cross grouped according to		continue to be our focused children at Reading time	Reading programmes in the middle and senior rooms
	ability across a range of classes.	since end - year 2021	Teacher Aides daily	Have Teachers focus on the
•	Teacher Aides providing support for		supported children through teaching programmes. This	Balanced Reader - Decoding -
	Underachieving children. Taachart and Taachar Aides will have specific		has lowered numbers taught	Encoding - Fluency and
)	ובמכוובוס מווח ובמכוובו אומכס ייייי יומיר יארכיייי		in all Rooms and has	

and implement programmes to meet their needs, Underachievers and plan programmes (Teachers) as evidenced in the Teacher's and Teacher Aide's Growth Cycle documents.

- Systems in place to motivate and encourage Reading mileage.
- Purchasing reading materials that motivate underachieving learners.
- reviewing regularly; ensuring children understand Setting clear smart goals with target children and their Reading goals.

Assessment

- Ongoing monitoring of reading performance of target group: Principal and Teachers
 - o Moderation of data and overall teacher judgements will be completed across classes and curriculum levels.

Home and School Partnership – Whānau

Engagement

- Clear communication with whānau to clarify the importance of support from home.
- Staff will facilitate a whanau session to strengthen home-school learning partnership in Reading – when Covid protocols allows.

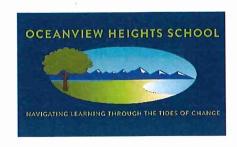
time with their children. This nore 1 - 1 contact / learning the improvement in Reading nas had a major impact on evels in the school for the enabled Teachers to have underachievers

- Feacher Aide for Room 1 on Fridays to ensure continuity of teaching the children of During 2022 the Board has employed an additional Room 1
- classrooms enabled teachers Cross Groupings across all 3 to focus on smaller groups
 - part of the school and this is having a gradual impact on our junior underachievers We have undertaken the programme in the junior **Better Start Literacy**
 - Silent Reading and Shared Sharp Reading, Sustained processes in all classes **Books are supportive**

occurring 4 days a week for at least 1 hour a day, so that this Have explicit Reading lessons regularly, except in the senior ensures children are reading Phrasing - Comprehension skills - Oral Language room due to TTec

- recreational reading through Have Teacher Aides support children in small groups in **Encourage weekly** using our library
- Have Staff focus on this target All children have Next Steps during staff meetings
 - activities to enhance reading assessments that have been Middle and Senior classes Feachers will have higher undertaken by Teachers comprehension support for their learning, from order thinking and
- skills that follow on from the RTLiT will be used when Sharp Reading lessons

required



Compliance with Education and Training Act 2020 requirements to be a good employer for the year ending 31 December 2022.

The following questions address key aspects of compliance with a good employer policy:

Reporting on the principles of being a Good Employer				
How have you met your obligations to provide good and safe working conditions?	School Docs Policies and Procedures. Kahui Ako Wellbeing Focus.			
What is in your equal employment opportunities programme?	The school respects people from different backgrounds and beliefs and attitudes, this is adhered to when making employment decisions.			
How have you been fulfilling this programme?	By following all our policies and procedures.			
How do you practise impartial selection of suitably qualified persons for appointment?	As per our policies and procedures.			
How are you recognising, - The aims and aspirations of Maori, - The employment requirements of Maori, and - Greater involvement of Maori in the Education service?	As principal of the school, I identify as Maori, so I ensure we adhere to Te Tiriti o Waitangi as well as policies and procedures in this area and this is also seen in our Strategic and Annual Plan.			
How have you enhanced the abilities of individual employees?	Through Professional Development and Leadership opportunities provided through Ministry of Education units.			
How are you recognising the employment requirements of women?	All our staff are currently women except for our Caretaker.			
How are you recognising the employment requirements of persons with disabilities?	A person with a disability is more than welcome to apply for a position in our school and we would adhere to our policies and procedures.			

Good employer policies should include provisions for an Equal Employment Opportunities (EEO) programme/policy . The Ministry of Education monitors these policies:

Reporting on Equal Employment Opportunities (EEO) Programme/Policy		NO
Do you operate an EEO programme/policy?		
Has this policy or programme been made available to staff?		
Does your EEO programme/policy include training to raise awareness of issues which may impact EEO?		
Has your EEO programme/policy appointed someone to coordinate compliance with its requirements?		
Does your EEO programme/policy provide for regular reporting on compliance with the policy and/or achievements under the policy?		
Does your EEO programme/policy set priorities and objectives?		

Kiwi Sport Funding:

In 2022 Oceanview Heights School received \$1197.91 funding from the MOE.

This was spent as follows:

For out of school teams subs for: Netball, Touch Rugby. This making it more affordable for our families.

Top Team Competition participation.

Transport for Outdoor Education with Ara Institute.

Transport to and from CBay for swimming lessons and the cost for swimming lessons for a 2 week block.

Purchase of sports gear.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF OCEANVIEW HEIGHTS SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Oceanview Heights School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Sam Naylor, using the staff and resources of Nexia Christchurch, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 3 to 20, that comprise statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2022; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with the Public Sector Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 17 May 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.



The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.



- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on KiwiSport, Analysis of Variance and Good Employer Disclosure but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Sam Naylor

Nexia Audit Christchurch On behalf of the Auditor-General Christchurch, New Zealand